UNIT3, LESSON3

ALGORITHMS AND DEBUGGING





Lesson created by the GMU-ODU CSforAll Team. For more information about this lesson and our CSforAll initiative, contact Dr. Amy Hutchison at ahutchison1@ua.edu

SUMMARY AND STANDARDS

Summary:

In this lesson, students will finish planning and then animating their explanatory writing in Scratch and check for consistency.

ELA Standards

The student will write in a variety of forms to include narrative, descriptive, opinion, and expository.

- a) Engage in writing as a process.
- b). Identify audience and purpose.
- c). Use a variety of prewriting strategies.
- d) Use organizational strategies to structure writing according to
 b. using loops (a wide variety of patterns such as repeating
- g) Use transition words to vary sentence structure.

CS Standards:

The student will construct programs to accomplish tasks as a means of creative expression using a block or text based programming language, both independently and collaboratively

- a. using sequencing;
- patterns or growing patterns); and
- c. identifying events.

The student will create a plan as part of the iterative design process, independently and/or collaboratively, using a variety of strategies (e.g., pair programming, storyboard, flowchart, pseudocode, story map).

Today, we are going to learn some new things in Scratch, such as new commands and how to change sprites! This will help us get ready to use Coco and Scratch to animate the writing we did last time.

LESSON OBJECTIVES: I CAN... Review Scratch blocks and Loops Animate, and self-monitor my writing in Scratch using Coco Level 3 (Column 1, 2, 3, 4) Review writing and animation for a match Share my animation and writing with peer Suggest ways to modify the animation during peer sharing

Let's go over today's lesson's objectives: [read slide]



- Chromebook/Laptop
- Internet Access
- Link to Scratch
- Link to Coco
- Teacher Unit 3, lesson 3 slide deck



In this lesson, every student should be assigned a story in CoCo using Level 3.

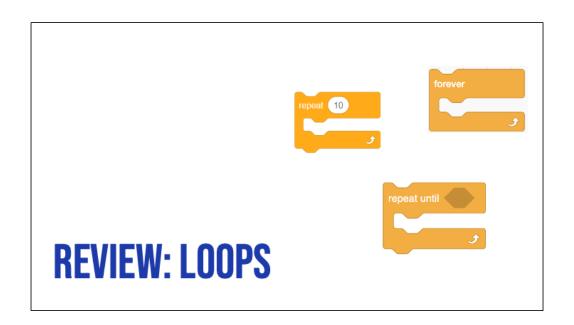
The story should be titled "Unit 3 Story."

Each student should save their work using this naming strategy: "Student Name + Unit # + Descriptor", for example, "Johnny Unit 3 Story."





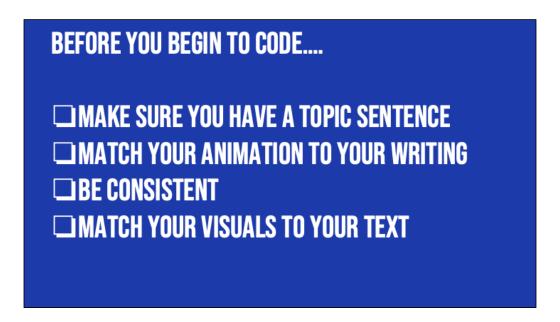
You will need....[read slide]



• Review Loops and ask students to share with a partner or the class when they might use loops in their animation



• (If necessary) Have students finish completing all sections of CoCo using their paper graphic organizer from the last two lessons.



In Unit 1, we learned that we want to a) match your animation to your writing, b) be consistent, and c) make sure all the visuals in the frame make sense given what you have written in your text.



Good animations that follow these guidelines can be as simple as or as complex https://www.dropbox.com/s/07aaphbglzvswkr/Screen%20Recording%202023-09-19%20at%201.52.23%20AM.mov?dl=0

as https://www.dropbox.com/s/nh93dmdkphd4n0z/Screen%20Recording%202023-09-19%20at%201.45.13%20AM.mov?dl=0

so long as they clearly convey the message to the reader visually and verbally!



For example, if I was writing a story about "Once upon a time there lived a princess...." which one of these sprites would make more sense?



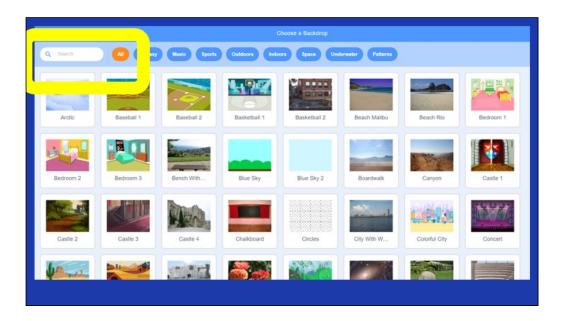
For example, if I was writing a story about "Once upon a time there lived a princess...." which one of these sprites would make more sense? Probably this one. Although, if our princess played baseball later in the story, you could switch it up!



Now, if I was writing a story about a princess who lived in a castle, this backdrop would make more sense.



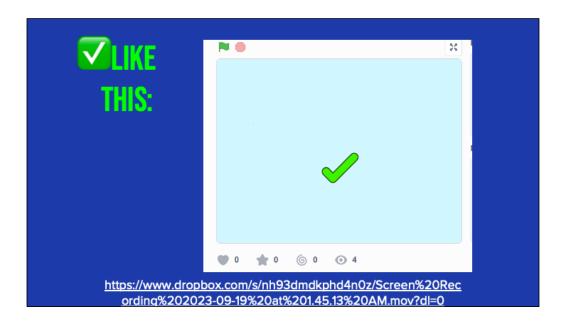
But if I wrote about a princess who played baseball, this one could also work!



Here's another Scratch tip: when looking for sprites and backdrops, you can enter words into the "search" bar and see if any of the results match what you're looking for.



Remember how we searched for unique sprites and backdrops? And we also learned how to upload our own sprites and sounds. So there are many ways we can use Scratch to enhance our animations, or make them more exciting! We can add more details to our animations as long as we make sure that the details are relevant.



For example, here's an animation of the hot chocolate recipe that does a really great job enhancing the recipe with additional details to help the viewer imagine a person actually making hot chocolate! Let's take a look and see what they did.

[play/run scratch project]

The first thing we notice is that this computer scientist added images of real-life materials rather than cartoons. This detail enhances the animation but does not change the meaning. They also drew an arrow to show where the mix would go into the cup. Flnally, they coded the objects to move and simulate the actual "making" of the drink. But nothing about the meaning changed! And it was not distracting.

HOWEVER! TOO MANY VISUALS CAN BE CONFUSING

Let's look at another example, where the additional details were not relevant and thus confusing.....



All the written text is the same but the images don't match the text. For example, why is there a dragon in the screen? Why are they at the beach? And why does it show a glass of water instead of hot chocolate? It may seem funny but to a new viewer, it would be very confusing. We dont want that.

INDEPENDENT PRACTICE

Now it is time to put it all together. You will use CoCo to help you create your animation in Scratch!

INDEPENDENT PRACTICE:



- 1. Open **Scratch** on one tab, **CoCo** on another
- 2. Use CoCo to code your Scratch animation
- 3. Don't forget to **self-monitor** as you go!

PAUSE HERE. (5-10 MINUTES)



Great job! Now it is time to make sure your animation matches your plan.

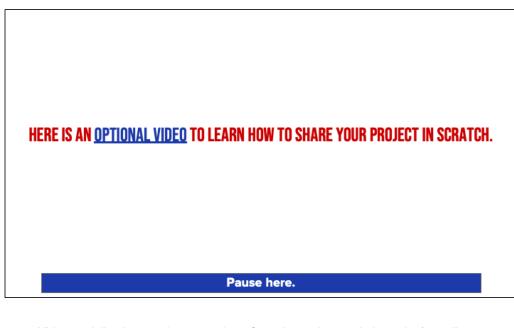
ASK YOURSELF: □ Does my topic sentence orient my reader and help set the scene? □ Does my animation in Scratch convey what I planned? Does it match my writing? □ Have I enhanced my writing in any way in Scratch? □ Is there anything distracting or unnecessary in my animation that I should remove? □ Is there anything in my animation that would make it harder for a viewer to understand my purpose?

SWAP SCREENS WITH A PARTNER

Suggest ways to modify the animation during peer sharing

	SHARING YOUR .SB3 FILE FROM CS FIRST TO COCO
1.	Create the file in CS First
2. 3.	
1.	Choose "Save to your computer." This will download your Scratch project.
1.	Look in your "Downloads" folder. That's where your saved project might be.
1.	Go to the CoCo website and log in to your account. https://wego.gmu.edu/scratchgo/login.php
1.	Click proceed on the correct story in CoCo. Ready to New ton Your Mary! Garked Ven 1
1.	Navigate to the section of CoCo where you (scond nov house) 1ax).
1.	**Uploading your coding file (only sb3 type and 16Mb max): Click "Save". Save

Model how students can share sb3 file from CS First to CoCo



Video modeling how students can share Scratch creations to their teacher's studio

Scratch - Imagine, Program, Share

SCRATCH CHECKLIST

- **▼I LOGGED INTO SCRATCH**
- **▼I SHARED MY PROJECT**
- ✓I ADDED MY PROJECT TO MY TEACHER'S STUDIO

CAREERS IN TECH

